BY TELEGRAPH.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

OPINION OF THE SUPREME COURT IN THE CHARLESTON MANDAMUS CASE-PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE-TAXING COUNTIES TO PAY FOR MURDERS-NO BONDS FOR BILLWOLD-WES OF THE BANK OF THE STATE.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DATLY NEWS.] COLUMBIA, January 7 .- In the Supreme Court, this morning, in the case of the State ex relatione Gilbert Pillsbury vs. the Acting Board of Aldermen of the City of Charlesten. the peremptory mandamus was granted, all the justices concurring. Chief Justice Moses differed from the majority of the court in part of his opinion, but agreed to the final decision.

The opinion of Justice Willard, in which the others concurred, says in conclusion: "The relators will be permitted to amend their alternative writ in conformity with the foregoing, and upon such amendment a peremptory andamus will issue commanding the respondents to declare the election. Messrs. Chamberlain and Corbin have prepared the peremptory writ, addressed to the Acting Board of Aldermen, reciting the case of the petitioners, setting forth the finding of the court upon the issues of law and fact made by the return to the alternative writ, and concluding as follows: "Whereupon it is adjudged that the acting Board of Aldermen have not declared the election as by law they were bound to do. therefore they are commanded and enjoined that immediately after the receipt of this writ without delay they proceed to declare said election, and certify perfect ebedience and due execution of this writ to said Supreme Court on or before - day of -. Herein fail not at your peril and have then and there this

IN THE House, the bill to amend the act authorizing the sale of the Columbia Canal was

Whipper introduced a bill to provide for the widows and orphans of men murdered for their political opinions. The bill gives \$300 annually to the widow during life, to be collected by assessment on the county where the murder occurred.

DeLarge introduced a bill authorizing the Recorder of Charleston to hold police courts. Tomlinson presented a memorial of the Society of the Medical Cellege of South Carolina against the proposed modification of the medical department of the South Carolina University. The same was introduced into the Senate by Corbin. In both houses it was read and referred to the Committees on Education.

Tomlinson introduced a resolution to pay the widow of Martin, of Abbeville, the per diem that would have been due Martin if he had lived. IN THE SENATE, Rainey introduced a bill to

regulate banks in liquidation. The bill to organize the militia was made the

special order for to-morrow at one o'clock. introduced a bill authorizing courts of

punish sheriffs violating the world the bill relative to sales of sources of Courts of Equity ait Courts, were passed and their titles anged to acte. An injunction restraining the Governor from

issuing bonds to the billholders of the Bank of the State, was served upon him to-day. It is reported that the Governor has deter-

mined not to issue them unless forced to de so by the courts.

WASHINGTON.

MISSISSIPP: RECONSTRUCTION-THE LOUISIANA Additional forces will probably be sent to-CONTESTED CASE-STATIONERY FRAUDS-TME REIGN OF TERROR IN ARKANSAS. Washington, January 7.-Major Jeff. L.

Wofford was defeated for the Fortieth, but elected to the Forty-first Congress from Mississippi. He was before the Beconstruction Committee to-day. He epposed admission under the election of last summer; he knew of no violence being used at the election; he thought the constitution defeated, and if forced on the people would be injurious to the best interests of the State. The constitution was too prescriptive; the negroes of the State did not favor the disfranchisement. The people were anxious for peace and quiet, and were willing to submit to the acts of Congress. The action of the committee is in doubt, though Egleston and his partisans are confident of the early admission.

The Election Committee will report adversely to both Christie and Wimpey, claiming seats from Georgia. In the contested Louisiana case, wherein

Hunt, Menard and Jones are interested, early action is improbable. The disbursements of the government last month amounted to seventeen millions, which

General Porter, of Grant's staff, reports offi-

Sate government is certainly in danger. Pre-

vivas to the Presidential election Senater

Baker and Upham, of the Lower House, had

beel wounded; Hines, M. C., several Freed-

men Bureau Agents, and a United States

Marshi had been driven away by threats.

The Gvernor refrained from violence un-

til attenthe election, fearing, that the op-

esition might make capital. Afterwards he

organized a militia force of eight hundren men,

one-fourth colored, with orders to live off the

sountry, taking what was absolutely necessary,

loyal holders of vouchers. Two assassins had

already been executed by sentence of a milita-

outed. The Governor's policy has serious-

ording to Porter's account, has accomplish-

ly aterfered with business and planting, but,

ed more goed than the most sanguine im-

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

HAVANA, January 7 .- The commercial bulle-

avitas is reported, but no details bave

A negro was killed. A Cuban negro

a Mexican, and a Spanish officer killed a

during the King's celebration.

received. Puerto Principe remains quiet. Prison is too weak for offensive moge-

beived from the Attorney-General.

were unusually small. The House Printing Committee was directed to inquire into the stationery frauds.

The Secretary of the Interior reported to the House that there was no reduction of his force possible, unless the department was rerganized. A similar communication was re-

to the Legislature yesterday. ially from Little Rock concerning Governor Michigan. dayton's militia. He says that the present

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

THE GOVERNOR AND THE BANK OF THE STATE-

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.] and give veuchers. He intended to pay only the a number of omers had been run out of the ly, however, had time to turn round and State Porter thinks that the best result will hurry off before he is met by other friends follor, as all the business men are willing to at the authorities if they can be relieved of haste?" The same air of determination marial law, and it only exists now in parts of appears and no doubt is felt by the company seve counties. One negro militiaman raped all the wrangling about this matter, the Gova write woman, but he was premptly tried and erner has goed cause to exclaim, "Save me from my friends." The opponents of the billholders urge, among other things, that the act of last session, under which the bonds of the failure of one branch of the General Assembly to take the yeas and nays on its pasany extraordinary expenditures required by an

of a leading firm at Cardenas says, that the act of the General Assembly. precession is beginning to decline. The cannot get labor. An engagement

IN THE HOUSE, there was some little spar-ring over the bill to ratify, confirm and smend the charter of the Charleston, S. C., Mining and Manufacturing Company.

Whitper moved to strike out the enacting

CONGRESSIONAL.

OVERLAND MAIL-SUE MURPHY-APPOINTMENTS. Washington, January 7 .- The bill increasng the efficiency of the navy was tabled. Most of the day was consumed in the dis-

cussion of the overland mail to San Francisco. The House went into Committee of the Whole and adjourned.

IN THE SENATE, no action was taken on the bill to prevent holding two offices at the same

The consideration of the bill for the relief of Sue Murphy was resumed. A long argument was made by Davis in favor of the payment of such claims. A reply by Howard was made against it. The Senate then went into executive session and adjourned.

The President nominated Philip H. Morgan attorney for Louisiana, vice Terry, removed; James Edmonton, registrar of the land office at Mobile; James A. Suydam, postmaster at Galveston. Morgan was confirmed; the other nominations were referred to the committee. The Senate Executive Committee met, but did not consider reconstruction matters.

EUROPE.

TURKEY ASKS DELAY-THE CHINESE EMBASSY. Paris, January 7 .- The Sultan has asked the postponement of the Conference for eight days, to enable the Turkish Government to instruc its representatives

The Patrie says that sympathy in France with the object of the Chinese embassy is great. Burlingame is as sure of success here as in

BELEASE OF THE EROSIS CONSTANTINOPLE, January 5 .- A mixed commission, with Forbin as president, has been appointed to adjudicate the case of the Greek steamer Erosis.

AFFAIR IN SPAIN. MABRID, January 5 .- Four insurgents at Malaga fired into a party of refugees under the protection of the American flag. The General in command at Malaga had the effenders arrested and punished, and has since communicated with the commander of the American squadron in Spanish waters informing him of the meas ures taken by the Spanish Government in the

CRETAN CLAIMS.

London, January 5 .- It is said that Greece will introduce the claims of Cretans into the conference about to meet in Paris, and will demand that they be allowed to declare who shall be their rulers by a plebiscum.

INSURRECTION.

FROUBLE IN VIRGINIA-BATTLE NEAR NORFOLK BETWEEN NEGROES AND UNITED STATES SOL-DIERS-A SERGEANT MORTALLY WOUNDED AND THREE NEGROES KILLED.

NORFOLK, January 7 .- A communication was

eccived last night from the sheriff of Princess Anne County, addressed to the commanding officer of this post, stating that in attempting to serve a writ of ejectment he had been forcibly resisted by an armed band of about fifty negroes. In compliance with a re-quest for assistance to execute the law and preserve the peace, the military sent a force of twenty men to the aid of the civil authorities. Later information received from the scene of the disturbance is to the effect that in an encounter te-day, be tween the military and negroes, a sergeant ha i been mortally wounded and three negroes killed. The officer commanding the detachment makes application for reinfercements He says the negroes in the surrounding country are arming, and threaten an open attack.

THE FAR-WEST.

FIGHT BETWEEN WHITE AND COLORED TROOPS NEGRO OUTRAGES.

St. Louis, January 7.—Santa Fe advices re port an affray between the white and colored troops. Two white and three colored men were killed, and a large number wounded. The difficulty occurred at a ball given by whites, where the blacks claimed the right to dance. After their expulsion from the hall, the blacks procured reinforcements and returned, killing one white on the road. It was reported that they b med a building, ravishing the wife and daughter of the owner. Another correspondent says the Mex cans entered the town, arrested all the men and hung two.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The Ogeechee troubles near Savannah are ended. Yesterday the sheriff, with eight United States soldiers, carried sixty-seven negro prisoners into Savannah. General Rosecrans is dangerously ill in New

Notice has been given of a bill in the Legisature, requiring all licensed places of business to be open to persons of both races.

Hamilton has probably been re-elected to Congress from Florida by two thousand ma-

The Governor of Florida sent his message Chandler has been re-elected Senator from

Cyrus W. Field has been seriously injured

HOW HAPPY COULD HE BE WITH EITHER -AN-OTHER HITCH-PROCEEDINGS OF THE DAY IN

COLUMBIA, January 6 .- The Governor has not yet issued the bonds to the billholders. Surrounded at one mement by the affectionate billholders, his face all aglow with determination, the natural conclusion is at once announced, "The bonds will be signed." He has scarce who kindly inquire, "Why such unseemly that "the State is yet safe." Seriously, with were to be issued, is nugatory in consequence sage, as required by the new constitution, for

The Legislative proceedings in both branches to-day were rather unimportant.

clause.

Mr. Purvis moved to indefinitely postpone the motion to strike out the enacting clause.

Whipper moved to lay on the table the mo-tion to indefinitely postpone. Agreed to. The motion to strike out the enacting clause

Charleston

The motion to strike out the enacting clause was withdrawn.

Whipper then moved to make the further consideration of the bill the special order for Wednesday, January 20, at 2 P. M.

Mr. Jenks moved to recommit the bill to the Committee on Incorporations.

Mr. O'Connell moved, as a substitute to the motion to recommit, to refer the bill to the Committee on the Judiciary, with instructions to report the proper amendments as soon as practicable. acticable. Elliott moved to indefinitely postpone the

Enlock moved to indefinitely postpone the substitute. Agraed to.

The question being taken on the motion to recommit, it was agreed to.
On motion of Mr. Hyde, the enacting clause of a bill to establish docket fees for Circuit Judges was stricken out, and the bill therefore rejected.

Brodie introduced the following resolution,

Brodie introduced the following resolution, which was agreed to:

Resolved, That the committee appointed by the special session of the General Assembly to furnish a seal, which is to be called the Great Seal of the State of South Carolina, be requested to report as soon as practicable.

Mr. Temlinson moved to reconsider the vote whereby a bill to alter and amend the charter of the Town of Edgefield was made the special order for Wednesday. January 13th, at 1-20 cial order for Wednesday. January 13th, at 1-20 ial order for Wednesday, January 18th, at 1:30

P. M. Elliott moved to indefinitely postpone the motion to reconsider.

Chestnut moved to lay on the table the motion to indefinitely postpone the motion to reconsider. Agreed to by a vote, on division, of

consider. Agreed to by a vote, on division, of yeas, 15; nays, 10.

The question recurring on the motion to indefinitely postpone the motion to reconsider, it was not agreed to.

Elliott moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table. Not agreed to by a vote, on division, of yeas, 15; nays, 17.

The question being taken on the motion to reconsider, it was not agreed to.

Mr. Tomlinson, from the Joint Committee, appointed to inquire into the liabilities and assets of the Bank of the State, submitted a report. [Published in The News of Wednesreport. [Published in THE NEWS of Wednes

day.]
Mr. Crews reported favorably on a bill to alter and amend an act entitled "an act to authorize the sale of the Columbia Canal."
The bill was laid over for a second reading.
Sasportas reported a bill to establish a State

Orphan Asylum, which was read a third time and passed.

IIr. Holliman presented the petition of J. A. Stephens, of Darlington, for the removal of his political disabilities.

Mr. Crews presented the petition of C. R. Franklin to validate the election of Town Council of the Town of Clinton, in Laurens County. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

In the Senate, a concurrent resolution from the House to appoint a joint committee to re-port on tariffs and rates of freight by railroad companies, on motion of Swails, was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

to the Committee on Railroads.

Mr. Corbin submitted the report of the special committee appointed at the special session of the General Assembly to inquire into the liabilities and assets of the Bank of the State. The report was read and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Leslie reported back a bill to punish sheriffs and other officers for violating the homestead, with a recommendation that the bill de pass.

homestead, with a recommendation that the bill de pass.

On motion of Wright, the bill received its second reading, was agr ed to, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

Mr. Lestic reported back a bill relative to sales of property under decrees of the Courts of Equity and Chemit Courts.

The bill received its second reading, was agreed to, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

Mr. Leelie saked and obtained the manimous consent of the Senate to introduce, without previous notice.

A bill previding for the election and defining the powers and duties of Justices of the Peace, and for regulating the practice in Justices' Courts.

The President laid before the Senate a communication from Hon. James Harlan, President of the National Lincoln Monument Association, enclosing one of the subscription books of the association. The communication was read, and, on motion of Rainey, received as information.

AFFAIRS IN THE STATE.

Mariboro'.

office of Town Marshal of Beanettsville, to which positon he had been recently elected, R. W. Little, Esq., has been elected to fill his

place.

Seven prisoners broke out of jail in Marlbore', on Tuesday evening. While two held and choked the jailor, Mr. Knight, they with five others made their escape. Darlington.

The Darlington Democrat says that sale day in that place was very orderly, and adds: Although the weather was very unfavorable, business among the merchants was tolerably brisk, and the auctioneer's voice was heard much of the day. Mules and horses breught good figures, and many colored persons purchased stock with the idea of farming this year on their own account. There seems to be agenon their own account. There seems to be a general feeling amongst the colored people that a fortune can be made on one crop, provided they work it on their own account, and follow-ing this notion, many rush into planting with-out adequate means. We fear many of them will come to grief, and lose everything they

will come to grief, and lose everything they have.

Spartamburg.

Wofford College is in a flourishing condition, having one hundred and twenty students, with thirty more applicants for admission.

The Spartam has the following very gratifying account: Our farmers living in the upper part of the district have been very late in sowing their wheat—at least, four or five weeks later than usual. In fact, there are some who have not finished putting their seed in the ground. The intention was pretty generally expressed to us by many, that they intended to reserve their best fields for the cultivation of cotton. Almost all have made corn enough to do them. Hogs are very scarce, and a large portion of the farmers have not fattened and killed more than one-half the quantity they formerly did. Good milch cows are comparatively searce, and are rating at from twenty-five to thirty-five dollars each. The spirit of industry and close application to the duties of the farm is spreading among the people in that section, and the depression of mind, consequent on the results of the late war—which, like an incubus weighing so heavily on the energies of our people, is gradually passing away—and hope with its concemitants industry and activity, appears to have returned. Many new fields have been cleared, and there is no doubt, that the labors of the farmer, will, ere long, bless the country once more with plenty.

Newberry.

The election which came off in Newberry last Thursday, for selectmen, &c., resulted in the choice of the Democratic ticket by a majority of two hundred. For selectmen_J. E. Peterson, J. J. Paysinger and J. P. Aull. Surveyor—G. M. Girardeau. Constable—B. M. Blease. Clerk—J. I. Houseal. The Radicals polling fifty votes and the Democrats two hundred and fifty. The Herald says: We have never seen a more orderly and quiet election anywhere. Many of the leading colored Radicals, we are feld, voted an open Democratic ticket.

The Newberry Herald in noticing the

The Newberry Herald in noticing the

ticket.

The Newberry Herald in noticing the changes in the new "county" says: The county is to be divided and sub-divided into a labyrinth of townships, with a large number of officials, heavy taxation, &c. The township lines are to be surveyed and the selectmen, in addition to their duties as general supervisors, will assess properties, fix values, &c.; the clerk will keep the township record and combine with his office that of treasurer. He will also administer the eath of office to the other incumbents.

In noticing the death of Major Summer, already reported by telegraph in The News, the Newberry Horald says: "Major Henry Summer, one of Newberry 3 old and respected citizens, departed this life on Sunday last, in the sixticity year of his age. He was a preminent member of the Newberry Bar, a great law and literary student, and a zealous advocate of all that pertained to the weifare of our district. He leaves a wife and three children, and was, at the time of his death, Registrar in Bankruptey for the Third Congressional District."

Governor Scott has appointed and commitsiened J. M. Ward, of Deadfall, Treasurer for Newberry County.

—The average price of gold for 1867 is placed at 188.62, and for 1868 at 180.84. In July, 1884, gold reached 285, and on March 24th, 1866, reached the lowest point 1244.

BANK OF THE STATE. Letter from the Hon. I. W. Hayne.

CHARLESTON, S. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 8, 1869.

TO THE PUBLIC. I can truly say, with the Norse Prophetes whose spirit was called up from the sleep of ages by Odin of old, as represented in Gray's

So far as personal altercation is concerned, t was always distasteful to me. Time and the times have made it hateful. But I turn when rodden on, and the report of the Joint Committee of the two houses of the Legislature, on the subject of the bank, compels a reply. Why these grave gentlemen, the Hon. D. I'. Cerbin and Mr. Rouben Tomlinson, in a public document professing to deal only in facts and figures, should feel themselves called on to asperse, and by "damnable inuendo" to villify individuals engaged in the performance of professional duty, I fail to perceive. There was a time in South Carolina when such aspersions would have involved a personal responsibility on the part of those who made the charge. But our fortunate (?) State is, I suppose, in the march of progress and reform, relieved from those barbarous and antiquated restraints upon ill nature and malignity. To do tall justice, however, to the authors of this report, I do not believe that ill nature or malignity prompted their unwarrantable assarlt on the counsel who had just been sustained in their position by Associate Justice Willard. The soreness of defeat may have given acrimony to Mr. Corbin, who was of counsel on the losing side; but the report, I do not think, was written by him. The vanity of the rhetorician, who imagines himself gifted in satire and sarcasm, is often, however, more ruthless than resentment. A well turned seatence compensates for all injustice and possible injury done to others.

If the tasts presented by Messrs, Corbin and and figures, should feel themselves called on ione to others.

If the facts presented by Messrs. Corbin and

done to others.

If the tasts presented by Messrs. Corbin and Tomlinson condemn Mr. Caspbell and myself, then we are coademued. The gratuitous and insulting comments of Messrs. Corbin and Tomlinson are mere impertinence, and I think I can afford to treat them as such.

The facts presented are these:
First. The counsel (Mr. C. and myself) represent several different defendants in the same suit in equity, to wit: The bank, the Barings, Maria Simous, &c.

There may be something in the progressive code of morals and honor, recently introduced, which is opposed to this; but as a practitioner in the old Court of Equity, of thirty-six years' standing, in the face of my brethren of the bar, I avew that I was never aware of the impropriety. So long as the interests of defendants were alike, they might properly be represented by the same solicitors. If the bank, the Barings and Miss Simons are content, who else has a right to object? I was solicitor of the bank, and the Barings, with this knowledge, retained me, the bank consenting. Miss Simons with this knowledge employed me. Both were furnished with my answer for the bank before engaging me. The bank answered as a Trustee under the acts of 1838 and 1865, and the Barings and Miss Simons were the estats que trust. The bill of Dabney, Morgan & Co. proposed to take away the funds held by the trustee for their use. Hew can you conceive parties more homogeneous? It is certainly less singular than holding the offices of United States District Attorney and State Senator, Attorney-General and Circuit Solicitors, Adjutant-General and Speaker of the bank house, &c.

Grand and Speaker of the House, &c.

Second. Mr. Campbell and myself sanctioned the payment of a fee of \$350 te Mr. Thomas Y. Simons. We thought Mr. Simons' services worth that much to the bank, in sustaining the position as an bonest trustee desting to apply the funds as directed by the Legislature. Mr. Dawson's property, unfortunately for him, consisted of State stock, on which no interest had been paid for some years. This could only be sold at an enormous discount. Mr. Dawson, therefore, could advance nothing, and Mr. Campbell and myself, be leving that the trust fund would be ultimately liable for expenses incurred, advised the bank to secure Mr. Simons' aid by this moderate advance. Is there arime in this? The bank had a right, certainly, to employ him directly. They preferred to ly, to employ him directly. They preferred to avail themselves of his services in this less expensive way. Does Mr. Corbin know of no other instance of a corporation employing counsel (at a much higher flavor) counsel (at a much higher figure) over and above their regular solicitor, and already re-tained assistant counsel? Why deay to the bank what Mr. Corbin and Mr. Chambertain concede to other corporations? The bank wanted Mr. Simons' services, and we thought it got them cheep.

wanted Mr. Simons' services, and we thought it got them cheap.

The third part is directed against myself individually, to wit: I answered the bill of Dabney, Morgan & Co. as Attorney-General, without the sanction of Governor Orr. I may he wrong, but during the twenty years I held the office of Attorney-General, I supposed that in such matters I had a discretion of my own, and I applied to the Governor only when I thought the case demanded a fee from the contingent fund. In the absence of instructions from his Excellency, I took it upon myself, as Attorney-General, to sustain the validity of an act of the Legislature which was attacked, and became a party, as I had a right to do, for that purpose. Gevernor Orr's message, to which the report refers, alludes, I think, to the question of the liability of the State to pay the bills of the bank. Upon that question his Excellency was always much more confident than myself. He thought it clear that the State was not liable for those bills, and I could not persuade him that the decision of the Court of Errors as to the receivability of such bills in payment of taxes, was a position requiring defence. In that matter the Governor expressing decined to authorize an appearance in the Supreme Court at Washington, and I don't know that an appearance has been entered to this day. The Legislature has undertaken to repeal the portion of the act of 1812 on which this question arose. The incepacity of the Legislature to repeal such an act is res adjudicata in the case of Frapnal vs. Woodruff, in 10th Howard, 206. This body has undertaken to repeal the act of 1865, which adopted by the Board of Directors of the Bank, and accepted by the Barings, I think equally a contract with the act of 1812, and to disregard the act of 1832 on which think likewise a contract. But this legislative will, with my views, was a duty, and I needed no instructions from Governor Orr.

But the gravamen of the charge against the counsel in this case (hing. Mar. Inabrius.) it got them cheap.
The third part is directed against myself in-

duty, and I needed no instantance against the ernor Orr.

But the gravamen of the charge against the counsel in this case (hine 'like' lachrimes!) is the "Gaurion" endorsed on the bonds of the corporation held by the bank. That caution reads as follows:

"GAUTION.

"This tond constitutes a portion of the assets of the Bank of the State of South Carolina embraced in the order of the Court of Chancery of the said "State, of the date of March 2, 1883, in the cage of Dabney, Morgan & Co.vs. the Bank of the State of south Carolina and others, and cannot be legally "transferred except by order of said court, or the written assignment of Charles M. Furman and "Thomas B. Watiny.

"1H9S. B. WAEING, Cashier."

"Thomas E. Walter."

"The S. R. WARSING, Cashier."

This caution, down to the word "others," merely states the facts, and the subsequent expression of opinion as to the legal affact of that state of facts has been sustained by both Associate Justice Willard and Chancellor Carroll. Where is the harm of stating facts? What is the crime in drawing a deduction sustained by such authority? The object was to enable the bank to perform its duty as a trustee for creditors. To do that which the Supreme Court of the United States, in the case of Curran va. the Bank of Arkansas, say it was bound to do. But, it is said, it was done in anticipation of legislation on the part of the State. True; but just the legislation pronounced unconstitutional and void by the Supreme Court of the United States when attempted in Arkansas. Was it a crime te endeavor to avoid the affect of such void legislation? The report calls this a definance of the Legislation. Is it a greater offense to attempt to avoid the effect of anticipated legislation than to attack legislation already enacted? Have not Mr. Corbin himself and Attorney-General Chamberlain vary recently attacked a law passed by the Legislating of which the one was a member and the other the legal adviser, as being unconstitutional? I mean that in regard to registering voters in Charleston as being unconstitutional? I mean that in regard to registering voters in Charleston as being inconsistent with the Constitution of the United States, and determined to place our clients in a position to claim the protec-

ion of that supreme law of the land. Mr. corbin knows full well that, similarly situated, he would (if he had thought of it) have done the same thing.

Yet for this it is that he sanctions the fol-

Yet for this it is that he sanctions the following language: "It could be fitly characterized only by epithets which are not usually "applied to high-toned and honorable men."

As matter of fact, I pronounce the imputation false, and as matter of opinion, en the part of Messrs. Corbin and Tomlinson, as to what appertains to "high-toned and honorable men," is the language of Reverdy Johnson, I blead to the jurisdiction and deny their capacity to judge.

plead to the jurisdiction and deny their capacity to judge.

I have noticed this report only so far as it is personal. I may, perhaps, take it up hereafter on points less repulsive to my feelings. As to happoints of personal and professional honor now discussed, unless the gentlemen are disposed to return to the barbarism of the past—which, God knews, I have never sought—I rould say, in the language of the poet whom I began, by quoting—

Now my weary lips I cleae.

Charleston, S. C., January 7, 1869.

OUR TRREE YEARS OLD BOY—THE SILVER TRA-SPOOM, AND WHAT HE DID WITH IT.—It is always in order and ready to run. Our three years old boy used it daily as a plaything, running everything he could get hold of through it, without injuring it in the least. One day he took a sliver tea-spoon and run the handle through, the needle going straight through it, without breaking or bending. We know, however, that sewing machines are not made to be tested in this manner, and should not be left for children to play with. We have used other machines, and have used yours two years. The others have their excellencies and merits for certain classes of work, but for family sewing we think they cannot be compared with yours. We would be glad to know that one of your hachines was in every family of the Union. hachines was in every family of the Union. Rev. J. B. Pitman, Pastor Baptist Church, Matteawan, N. Y., to the Willcox & Gibbs S. M. Company.

Daints, Wils, Etc.

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CAMERON, BARKLEY & CO., Northeast corner Meefing and Cumberland streets January 1

BAR IRON,

SHEET IRON AND STEEL WROUGHT AND CAST IRON PIPING. STEAM AND MALLEABLE CAST IRON FITTINGS, for steam and water.

CAMERON, BARKLEY & CO., ortheast corner Meeting and Cumberland streets.

BELTING! BELTING!

5000 FEET OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELT-5000 FEET GUM BELTING, 2, 8, 4, and

PLY 250 SIDES PATENT DRESSED LACE

800 DOZEN METALLIC-TIPPED BELT 100 BOXES BLAKE'S PATENT BELT STUDS

150 DOZEN TOLLMAN'S BELT HOOKS 750 YARDS GUM PACKING, 1-18 INCH TO INCH THICK TUCK'S PACKING, I INCH TO 14 INCH DI-

SOAPSTONE PACKING, I INCH TO 1 INCH DIAMETER WHITE AND BROWN JUTE PACKING ITALIAN HEMP PACKING RUBBER AND LEATHER HOSE

AMBTER

ALL SIZES. CAMERON, BARKLEY & CO., Northeast Corner Meeting and Cumberland streets.

MANHOLE AND HANDHOLE GASKETS OF

BRASS WORK.

STEAM GUAGES, GONGS, GUAGE COCKS STEAM BIBBS AND STOP COCKS, STEAM WHISTLES

GLOBE AND CHECK VALVES, OIL CUPS WATER GUAGES, GLASS GUAGE TUBES MERCURY GUAGES, LOW WATER DETEC-COPPER AND BRASS WIRE.

CAMBRON, BARKLEY & CO.,

Northeast Corner Meeting and Cumberland stre

Married.

BOYD-THOMPSON.—On the 24th of December, by the Rev. J. M. BOYD, Mr. D. P. BOYD to Miss S. C. THOMPSON, all of Newberry. SPEARMAN—CLARK.—On the 22d ult., at Jalapa, S. C., by Rev. J. K. MANDENHALL, W. B. SPEAR-MAN, Esq., to MATTIE C. CLARK, daughter of R. P. CLARK.

MILLER—ROGERS.—On the 24th of December, by the Rev. H. REID, Mr. E. BELTON MILLER to Miss SALLIE J. ROGERS, both of Spartauburg.

DEAN—CAMP.—On the 16th of December, by the Rev. J. G. LANDRUM, Dr. GEO. R. DEAN, of Anderson, to Miss HATTIE E., eldest daughter of W. C. CAMP, of Spartanburg.

Special Motices.

NOTICE .- THE PUBLIC ARE CAU-TIONED against trading for DRAFTS drawn by W. P. Massey (12th February, 1868) on W. C. Bee & Co., in favor of C. B. Lucas, payment having been stop

AST CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP JAMES ADGER, from New York, are netified that she is discharging cargo at Adger's Wharf. Goods remaining on the wharf at sunset will be stored at expense and risk of owners.

Agents.

very complicated and delicate one, and in ore liavery complicated and delicate one, and for ore liable to get out of order, and much more difficult to is tinkered too much, and badly tinkered at that. It is often calomelized, narcot'zed, depleted, and othwholesome tonic and restorative like HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS to put it in proper trim and keep it so. The stemach is shamefully maltreated. In the first place, the food which its juices are inhastily, and in a half-masticated condition, in which state the gastric acid cannot properly act upon it. The result is dyspepsia. Then comes the doctor, and, finding the digestive organs weak and the bow els inert, he proceeds to weaken and paralyze still more with drastic purgatives. These tending-as they always do-to produce a salutary change, he tells the invalid that medical science can do no more for him. This, with all due deference, is a mistakeone of those mistakes which Talleyrand said were tantamount to crimes. What the dyspeptic needs is invigoration. Strengthen the stomach with HOSen every ether part of the human machine, and make it, in common parlance, as good as new. Upon the state of the digestion depends, in a measure, the condition of the whole system. Now, the Bitters are the most admirable tonic known. They consist of the finest vegetable invigorants and restoratives. combined with an unadulterate I stimulant. The dyspeptic needs nothing else to effect a cure, except else. Even in the absence of these last mentioned accessories, the tonic and alterative properties o the preparation will work wonders, enabling the dyspeptic to digest inferior fare with comparative ease, and to maintain a good habit of body, in spite of the drawbacks of a sedentary occupation.

AND CHARLESTON GAS LIGHT COMPANY. CHARLESTON, JANUARY 5, 1869 .- At a meeting of the Beard of Directors of the Charleston Gas Light Company, held this day, the following resolu-

DAG

January 8

Ecolued. That in view of the many serious academts reported in the newspapers from the use of other lights, and in the confident expectation that the public will sustain this Company in the reduction of the price of gas by an increased consumption, that after the expiration of the precent month the price be reduced to FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND FEET.

Resolved, That as an additional inducement to new consumers, the Company will supply and put in at its own expense the service and supply pipe for the basement story of the house of any new applicant, under such regulations as the Board of Directors may establish.

W. J. HERIOF, Secretary.

January 7

AT QUARTERLY STATE TAXES .- OFcember, 1868, on sales of goods, wares and merchandise and spirituous liquors manufactured; also, the Quarterly Convention Taxes on sales of goods, wares and merchandise, and articles manufactured for sale, barter or exchange, are now due and payable at

The books will be closed on the 15th instant, after which time double tax executions will be issued gainst defaulters.

All articles oftrade, sale, barter or exchange, ineluding coston, are returnable for taxes. Charles County comprises the Parishes of St. Philip and St. Michael, Christ Church, St. Thomas and St. Dennis, St. James Santee, St. Stephens, St. Jehns Berkeley, St. James Goose Creek, St. Andrews and St. Johns Colleton; and Islands, Edisto, Seabrook, Kiawah, Wadmalaw, Johns, James, Coles, Big and Little Felly, Morris, Sullivans, Long, Dewee's, Caper's, Bulls, &c., to the mouth of the South Santee.

Treasurer Charleston County, ACT BUY YOUR TEA AND COFFEE FROM KRIETE & CHAPMAN, corner King and Redcliffestreets, and get a better article for the same money than at any other establishment in the city.

FLEETWOOD LANNEAU.

BRIDE AND BRIDEGROOM.—ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN on the interesting relation of Bridegroom to Bride in the institution of Marriages a guide to matrimonial felicity and true happiness Sent by mail in scaled letter envelopes free of charge.
Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Phila-

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE._THIS splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the early true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, nstantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigobrown. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. Bond-street, New York. lyr January 8

Bardware, &c. HARDWARE

HART & CO.,

CORNER KING AND MARKET STS., CHARLESTON, S. C., IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Foreign and Domestic Hardware, CUTLERY, GUNS, ENGLISH AND SWEDISH BAR IRON

PLOUGH AND NAYLOR'S CAST STREL. METALS. ENGLISH HOLLOWWARE, Consisting of POTS, OVENS, SPIDERS and EXTRA

CIRCULARS, CROSS CUT AND MILL SAWS MILL ROCKS AND BOLTING CLOTH PLOUGHS.

AND A VARIETY OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. PLAIN, STAMPED AND JAPANNED TINWARE. WOODENWARE GLUE

LIDS

A VARIETY OF FANCY GOODS. . P. S.—Bescriptive Catalogues can be had on ap-November 27

Shipping.

FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK

FOR LIVERPOOL. THE FIRST CLASS DANISH BARK KAMMA FONDER, KROGH Master, having part of cargo engaged, will have disptach.
For Freight engagements apply to WILLIS & CHISOLM,
January 8 1mo North Atlantic Whar/.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE NEW AND STRICTLY A1 SPANISH SHIP "PEDRO PLANDOLIT," AMENGUAL Master, having large part of her
carge engaged and going on board, will
lead with dispatch,
For further Freight engagements apply to
W. P. HALL,
January 8 15 Brown & Co.'s Wharf.

THE FINE SCHR. MARY D. HASKELL,
BARBER Master, having one-half her cargo
engaged, will have framediate dispatch.
For engagements of Freight, apply to
H. F. BAKER & CO.,
January 8
No. 20 Cumberland-street.

FOR BOSTON-DESPATCH LINE. THE A1 BRGULAR PACKET SCHOON-ER JONAS SMITH, NICHOLS Master, having all her heavy freight engaged, wants a few hundred bales Cotton and light freight to all up with quick despatch. January 7 3 WILLIAM ROACH & CO.

FOR LIVERPOOL. THE FINE AMERICAN SHAP
LIA, THOS. BORRHAM Master, is now ready
for cargo, and being of small capacity will
have dispatch.

have dispatch.

For engagements apply to

PATTERSON & STOCK,

South Atlantic Wharf. FOR LIVERPOOL. THE A1 CLIPPER BARK LIZZIE H.,
SPRING, Master, having about two-thirds
of her carge engaged and going on board,
will have dispatch for the above port.
For freight engagements, apply to
January 5 STREET SROTBERS & CO.

FOR PHILADELPHIA-IMPIRE LINE THE FINE SCHOONER MARY RILEY RILEY, Master, will have immediate dispatch.

For engagements apply to
H. F. BAKER & CO.,
December 30 No. 20 Cumberland-street.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE FIRST CLASS BRITISH BARQU
W. G. PUTNAM, RICKARD Master, havin
a large part of her carge engaged, will loa
with dispatch.

For balance freight engagements, apply to
WILLIS & CHISOLM,
December 21 North Atlantic Wharf. EXCURSIONS AROUND THE HARBOR . THE FINE, FAST SAILING AND COM
FORTABLY appointed yacht Elland R
will resume her trips to historic points in
the harbor, and will leave Gevernment
Wharfdaily at Ten A. M. and Three P. M.
For Passage, apply to
December 18 Smo Captain, on Board.

TO AND FROM BALTIMORE, PHILADEL-PHIA, WASHINGTON CITY, WILMINGTON, DML., GINGINATI, OBIO, ST. LOUIS, MO., AND STHEER NORTHWESTERN CITIES. THE FAVORITE AND SWIFT
Serew Steamship FALCON, JESSE
D. Housex Commander, will sail for
Baltimore on Tuesday, the 12th of
January at Four o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 1,

Waion Wharves.

Philadelphia Fr∘ights delivered promptly vis

"Baltimore, Wilmington and Philadelphia Railread." For Freight er passage, apply to
COUETERAY & TRENHOLM,
January 7 thim3 Union Wharver.

FOR NEW YORK. REGULAR LINE EVERY THURSDAY. PASSAGE REDUCED TO \$15.

THE FIDEWHEEL STEAMSHIP MAGNOLIA, Capt. M. B. CROWELL, Commander, will leave Vanderhorst's Wharf, on Thursday, Jan-BAVENEL & CO., Agents. PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPY'S

CALIFORNIA, OF INA AND JAPAN.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT GREATLY SE

DUEBD RATES!

SEEAMERS OF THE ABOVE
has leave Pier No. 42, North-River, foot of Canal-street, New York, a

12 o'clock noon, of the lat, 9th, 18th
and 24th of every month (event when these dates

fall on Sunday, then the Saturday preceding.

Begarture of ist and 24th connect at Panama with
steamers for South Pacific and Central America u
perts. Those of 1st touch at Mansanillo.

Departure of 9th of each month connects with
the new steam line from Panama to Australia and
New Scaland. New Scaland.

Steemship JAPAN leaves San Francisco for China and Japan February 4, 1869.

Ne Salifornia steemers touch at Havana, but go direct from New York to Aspinwall.

One hundred pounds baggage tree to each adult.

Medicine and attendance free. Medicine and attendance free.

For Passage Fickets or further information apply at the COMPANY'S TROKET OFFICE, on the wharf, foot of Canal-street, North River, New York.

March 14 lyr F. R. EABY, Agent,

NEW ROUTE.

REDUCTION IN FREIGHT. THROUGH BILLS OF LADING THROUGH BILLS OF LADING from New Orleans to Charleston, S, C., via Florida Railroad and ALLIANGE LINE U. S. Mail Steamers CITY POINT and DICTATOR, will be given fer—

F. W. PERKINS & CO., Agents,
No. 26 Carondelet-street, New Orleans
A. B. NOYES, Agent,
December 15 1mo Fernandins, Fla.

December 15 1mo Fernandina, Fia.

TRAVELLERS PASSING THROUGH
OHARLESTON EN ROUTE TO FLORIDA, AIKEN
And other places, should not fai
to lay in their supplies of PROVISIONS, OLARETS, CHAMPAGNES
CORDIALS, BRANDIES, WHIS
KIES, WINES, CANNED MEATS, SOUPS, &c.
Pates of Wild Game and Devilled Ham for Sand,
wiches and Luncheons.

WM. S. CORWIN & CO.,
No. 245 King-street,
Between Wentworth and Beaufain,
Charleston, S. C.
Branch of No. 906 Breadway, corner 20th street,
New York.

October 28

INLAND ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS TO FLORIDA. CHARLESTON AND SEVANNAH STEAM PACKET LINE, VIA BEAUFORT AND HILTON HEAD, CONNECTING WITH
THE ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD AND

CONNECTIONS FOR ALL POINTS IN

FLORIDA.

THE RINE, FAST STEAMER, PILOT BOY, Captain FERN PROK, will leave Charleston on Monday and Thursday Moraings, at Eight, o'clock, Returning, leave Savannah on Tueed sy and Saturday Mornings, at half-past Eigh o'clock.

For Freight or Passage apply to

JOHN FERGUSON,

December 30 Accommedation Wharf. FOR BRUNSWICK, GA.

THE STEAMER "DICTATOR,"

Captain CHARLES WILLEY, will touck at this point ever, Weinesday, leaving Sayannah a Nine A. M., and on her return trip will touch there on Saturday Afternoon, arriving back at Sayannah on Sunday Merning.

J. D. AIKEN & CO.,

November 24

Agents.

VIA BAVANNAH, FI-BRANA, FLOREGDA,
VIA BAVANNAH, FI-BRANDINA AND JACKSON
VILLE.

THE FIRET-CASS STEAMER WILLEY,
WILLEY, WILLEY,